

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF ALABAMA**

AARON LEE JONES,)
)
Plaintiff,)
)
v.)
) **No. 2:06-cv-00986-MHT-DRB**
RICHARD ALLEN, Commissioner,)
Alabama Department of Corrections,)
And GRANTT CULLIVER, Warden,)
Holman Correctional Facility)
)
Defendants.)

DEFENDANTS' ANSWER TO PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT

Defendants, Richard Allen, in his official capacity as Commissioner of the Alabama Department of Corrections, and Grantt Culliver, in his official capacity as Warden of the Holman Correctional Facility, for their answer to the plaintiff's complaint, state as follows:

Response to Numbered Paragraphs

1. Defendants admit that plaintiff is an individual in the custody of the Alabama Department of Corrections and is currently incarcerated on death row. Defendants further admit that plaintiff purports to make a claim under 42 U.S.C. § 1983. Defendants deny any remaining allegation in paragraph 1 of the complaint.
2. Defendants do not contest subject-matter jurisdiction or jurisdiction over the person, to the extent plaintiff's claims are not barred by sovereign immunity.
3. Defendants do not contest venue.
4. Admitted.
5. Defendants admit that Richard Allen is the Commissioner of the Alabama

Department of Corrections and that Grantt Culliver is the Warden of the Holman Correctional Facility in Atmore, Alabama. Defendants deny any remaining allegation in paragraph 5, deny that plaintiff has stated a claim against the Defendants in their individual capacity, and deny that plaintiff may sue fictitious parties in this Court.

6. Defendants admit that the parties take different positions with respect to the constitutionality of Alabama's method of administering capital punishment by lethal injection. Defendants deny that plaintiff has stated a viable claim, deny that plaintiff is entitled to any relief, and deny that plaintiff would be entitled to a stay of execution if so requested.

7. Defendants admit that plaintiff was convicted of capital murder in the state courts of Alabama and sentenced to death. Defendants admit that plaintiff has filed a petition for writ of certiorari in the United States Supreme Court with respect to his unsuccessful federal habeas corpus action.

8. Admitted.

9. Defendants admit that the parties take different positions with respect to the constitutionality of Alabama's method of administering capital punishment by lethal injection. Defendants deny that plaintiff has stated a viable claim, deny that plaintiff is entitled to any relief, and deny that plaintiff would be entitled to a stay of execution if so requested.

10. Defendants admit that the parties take different positions with respect to the constitutionality of Alabama's method of administering capital punishment by lethal injection. Defendants deny that plaintiff has stated a viable claim, deny that plaintiff is entitled to any relief, and deny that plaintiff would be entitled to a stay of execution if so requested.

11. Admitted.

12. Admitted.

13. Admitted.

14. Defendants admit that the Department of Corrections carries out executions.

Defendants cannot at this time (before entry of an appropriate protective order) admit or deny, in a public document, any detail concerning Alabama's Confidential Execution Procedures Protocol, and deny the allegations of paragraph 14. Defendants further deny that execution by lethal injection is a medical procedure requiring the same safeguards and oversight as such procedures, and deny that execution by lethal injection is governed by rules and regulations applying to medical procedures.

15. Admitted

16. Defendants cannot at this time (before entry of an appropriate protective order) admit or deny, in a public document, any detail concerning Alabama's Confidential Execution Procedures Protocol, and deny the allegations of paragraph 16. Defendants specifically deny that Alabama's method for carrying out a sentence of death by lethal injections causes or exposes a condemned person to an unnecessary risk of unconstitutional, unnecessary, or gratuitous pain or suffering, and defendants deny that lethal injection as administered in Alabama violates any party's constitutional rights. Defendants further deny that execution by lethal injection is a medical procedure requiring the same safeguards and oversight as such procedures, and deny that execution by lethal injection is governed by rules and regulations applying to medical procedures.

17. Defendants cannot at this time (before entry of an appropriate protective order) admit or deny, in a public document, any detail concerning Alabama's Confidential Execution Procedures Protocol, and deny the allegations of paragraph 17. Defendants specifically deny that Alabama's method for carrying out a sentence of death by lethal injections causes or exposes

a condemned person to an unnecessary risk of unconstitutional, unnecessary, or gratuitous pain or suffering, and defendants deny that lethal injection as administered in Alabama violates any party's constitutional rights. Defendants further deny that execution by lethal injection is a medical procedure requiring the same safeguards and oversight as such procedures, and deny that execution by lethal injection is governed by rules and regulations applying to medical procedures.

18. Denied.

19. Defendants cannot at this time (before entry of an appropriate protective order) admit or deny, in a public document, any detail concerning Alabama's Confidential Execution Procedures Protocol, and deny the allegations of paragraph 19. Defendants specifically deny that Alabama's method for carrying out a sentence of death by lethal injections causes or exposes a condemned person to an unnecessary risk of unconstitutional, unnecessary, or gratuitous pain or suffering, and defendants deny that lethal injection as administered in Alabama violates any party's constitutional rights. Defendants further deny that execution by lethal injection is a medical procedure requiring the same safeguards and oversight as such procedures, and deny that execution by lethal injection is governed by rules and regulations applying to medical procedures.

20. Defendants cannot at this time (before entry of an appropriate protective order) admit or deny, in a public document, any detail concerning Alabama's Confidential Execution Procedures Protocol, and deny the allegations of paragraph 20. Defendants specifically deny that Alabama's method for carrying out a sentence of death by lethal injections causes or exposes a condemned person to an unnecessary risk of unconstitutional, unnecessary, or gratuitous pain or suffering, and defendants deny that lethal injection as administered in Alabama violates any

party's constitutional rights. Defendants further deny that execution by lethal injection is a medical procedure requiring the same safeguards and oversight as such procedures, and deny that execution by lethal injection is governed by rules and regulations applying to medical procedures.

21. Denied.

22. Denied.

23. Denied.

24. Defendants cannot at this time (before entry of an appropriate protective order) admit or deny, in a public document, any detail concerning Alabama's Confidential Execution Procedures Protocol, and deny the allegations of paragraph 24. Defendants specifically deny that Alabama's method for carrying out a sentence of death by lethal injections causes or exposes a condemned person to an unnecessary risk of unconstitutional, unnecessary, or gratuitous pain or suffering, and defendants deny that lethal injection as administered in Alabama violates any party's constitutional rights. Defendants further deny that execution by lethal injection is a medical procedure requiring the same safeguards and oversight as such procedures, and deny that execution by lethal injection is governed by rules and regulations applying to medical procedures.

25. Defendants cannot at this time (before entry of an appropriate protective order) admit or deny, in a public document, any detail concerning Alabama's Confidential Execution Procedures Protocol, and deny the allegations of paragraph 25. Defendants specifically deny that Alabama's method for carrying out a sentence of death by lethal injections causes or exposes a condemned person to an unnecessary risk of unconstitutional, unnecessary, or gratuitous pain or suffering, and defendants deny that lethal injection as administered in Alabama violates any

party's constitutional rights. Defendants further deny that execution by lethal injection is a medical procedure requiring the same safeguards and oversight as such procedures, and deny that execution by lethal injection is governed by rules and regulations applying to medical procedures.

26. Defendants cannot at this time (before entry of an appropriate protective order) admit or deny, in a public document, any detail concerning Alabama's Confidential Execution Procedures Protocol, and deny the allegations of paragraph 26. Defendants specifically deny that Alabama's method for carrying out a sentence of death by lethal injections causes or exposes a condemned person to an unnecessary risk of unconstitutional, unnecessary, or gratuitous pain or suffering, and defendants deny that lethal injection as administered in Alabama violates any party's constitutional rights. Defendants further deny that execution by lethal injection is a medical procedure requiring the same safeguards and oversight as such procedures, and deny that execution by lethal injection is governed by rules and regulations applying to medical procedures.

27. Defendants cannot at this time (before entry of an appropriate protective order) admit or deny, in a public document, any detail concerning Alabama's Confidential Execution Procedures Protocol, and deny the allegations of paragraph 27. Defendants specifically deny that Alabama's method for carrying out a sentence of death by lethal injections causes or exposes a condemned person to an unnecessary risk of unconstitutional, unnecessary, or gratuitous pain or suffering, and defendants deny that lethal injection as administered in Alabama violates any party's constitutional rights. Defendants further deny that execution by lethal injection is a medical procedure requiring the same safeguards and oversight as such procedures, and deny that execution by lethal injection is governed by rules and regulations applying to medical

procedures.

28. Denied.

29. Denied.

Additional Defenses

1. Plaintiff has failed to state a claim on which relief may be granted.
2. Executions are not medical procedures. Executions do not require the same care, regulation, monitoring or precautions as a medical or surgical procedure after which one is expected to regain consciousness and recover.
3. Plaintiff's claims are barred by sovereign immunity.
4. Plaintiff's claims are barred by waiver and estoppel.
5. Plaintiff's claims are barred by res judicata.
6. Plaintiff has unclean hands.
7. Plaintiff's claims are barred by laches and applicable statutes of limitation.
8. Plaintiff is not entitled to the relief he seeks.
9. Plaintiff is not a prevailing party and is not entitled to attorneys' fees.
10. The special circumstances of this case would make an attorneys' fee award to the plaintiff unjust.
11. The policy rationale supporting the *Rooker-Feldman* doctrine bars plaintiff's claims insofar as plaintiff seeks to overturn the judgment of the State court.
12. Plaintiff seeks an improper review by this Court of an adverse ruling in the state courts of Alabama.
13. Plaintiff has failed to join one or more indispensable parties.
14. Plaintiff's claims are not ripe.

15. Plaintiff cannot prove any conceivable set of facts entitling him to relief as against the Defendants in their individual capacity.

16. Alabama's Confidential Execution Protocol does not call for the use of excessive force, sadistic acts, or malicious intent.

17. Alabama's Confidential Execution Protocol does not violate basic principles of human dignity or contemporary standards of decency and is not repugnant to the conscience of mankind.

18. Alabama's Confidential Execution Protocol does not amount to intentional, reckless indifference to acts violating any party's constitutional rights.

19. Any interest the plaintiff has in pursuing his claim is outweighed by the State's interest in the finality of duly adjudicated criminal judgments, the timely administration of death sentences, guarding against a flood of similar claims, and ensuring closure for victims and survivors.

20. Defendants deny that this action entitles plaintiff to a stay of execution if so requested.

Respectfully submitted,

TROY KING (KIN047)
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

This is to certify that on the 4th day of December, 2006, a copy of the foregoing has been electronically filed with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF system, which will electronically send a copy of the same to the following:

Stephanie L. Cohen, Esq.
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